## Germany's town half be German Tribune

It's true. In Goethe's Frankfurt there peak, ultramodern, like Mont Blanc, Lake Constance? Or perheus is the old Town Hall, dating from the 15th and 16th centuries. But there is also the modern "technical" Town Hall, rather like the Astro-Houston Center in downtown Houston. And there's another in Bonn, resembling a white mountain

on the Rhine. But the historic old town halls still predominate in Germany. Have you seen the delightful half-timbered building in Alsfeld, dating from 1512? Bernkastel town hall on the Moselle? The Renaissance one in Lindau on

one built in 1484 for the divis of Michelstadt in the Oderwall which looks like a Gothic will oldfashloned toyshop? You's try it sometime for a changetrip to Germany's town halk.

#### Unlimited agenda for the North-South summit



discussed at the North-South mit in Mexico in October.

confidence for further talks on a

preliminary meeting in Mexico by the groundwork for October, 22 ministers were unable to agree

ded the meeting early.

So the exchange of views between tait of government of 22 rich and poor

Taking part in the meetings are Alge-Aufria, Bangladesh, Brazil, Britain, by Coast, Japan, Mexico, Nigeria, the ines, Saudi Arabia, Sweden, Tanhis, the United States, Venezuela, Yuis and the Federal Republic of

d affairs they had evidently been ng to any limitation in the number

t of the North-South summit ending published form.

Two events contributed towards this il readiness to part company withhaving reached specific conclusions. of southern hemisphere untries in New York.

d Ottawa the South expected the indised countries of the West to hard line on the North-South.

Cuba, in contrast, included out of the sive gathering of North-South ities, hoped at its proposed pre-contince conference to line up the South a head-on collision with the United tits and the other Western industrialbul countries.

The death in a plane crash of General Phar Torrijo, head of the Panamanian onal guard, hit the tropical atmosthe of the Mexican holiday resort en the Foreign Ministers met like told shower.

General Torrijo's death was felt by a mobile of delegations to have been likely to coincide with the conference. le is the second Latin American moths in a plane crash "due to poor

Ecuador, an elected president who after years of military dictatorship restored parliamentary democracy on a note of critical detachment from the United General Torrijo was the man who

forced the United States to agree to return the Panama Canal to Panamanian All in all, the Foreign Ministers' conerence as a dress rehearsal for the full

summit in October ran smoothly and without sensations. Delegations preferred not to put their

differences of opinion to the fore; they tacitly acknowledged as a possible advantage of the North-South talks the fact that there were no closed fronts even on individual issues. Bids by both the United States and

Mexico to set up basic approaches for both groups at the conference and have them declared generally binding failed from the start. At a preliminary conference of the

South in New York Mexico was unable to gain approval of a 30-page paper as a fundamental document.

In Ottawa the United States was similarly unable to induce the North to adopt a joint approach to the Mexico

Japan and France, however, assured President Lopez Portillo of Mexico at the Foreign Ministers' conference that their views on the North-South talks were attuned to his own.

In other words they, as industrialised countries, feel that economic aid to stabilise political and social conditions in the developing countries is the sole guarantee of developing countries being able to exercise their right of self-deter-

Bonn's Hans-Dietrich Genscher, who did not make a stopover in Mexico City headed straight for Cancun, the conference venue, and a 90-minute talk with Foreign Minister Huang Hua of China.

Before the Foreign Ministers met Herr Genscher hastened to reaffirm that Germany too felt the industrialised countries were duty bound to give the Third World ecconomic aid with this



Finance Minister Hans Matthöfer (left) with Chancellor Schmidt at the Press

After the gathering he told German journalists the awareness of mutual dependence had been heightened, laying a firm foundation for the October sum-

Bonn would do all it could to ensure a prompt start to overall talks at the UN General Assembly on a new internation-

It would also seek to make headway on the findings of the North-South summit. This would be a key feature of German foreign policy.

Canada, France and Germany took a critical view of US economic and foreign policy at the Foreign Ministers' meeting.

This earned them the goodwill of the Southern countries and, oddly enough, prevented an initial confrontation with the United States at the gathering.

US Secretary of State Haig, contrary to his strong words before the Ottawa and Cancun talks, did his best to avoid harsh words and insulting turns of phrase.

He tried to make US readiness to lend a hand appear in the best possible light. The United States is clearly aware that there is a loose but united front crossing North-South lines which is opposed to US monetary and economic policies.

So Washington is keen to avoid the building of forts with their colours nailed to the mast. It would prefer to wage war more flexibly and with greater

(Frankfurter Allgemeine Zeitun; für Deutschland, 3 August 1981)

SPACE RESEARCH

#### IN THIS ISSUE

FOREIGN AFFAIRS J.F. Kennedy visit the brightest of a many faceted Image of Uncle Sam

Schmidt convinced his policies have the real grassroots support

behind East-West deals

Unlocking the secrets of the universe

ENTERTAINMENT The circus that wouldn't die

OUR WORLD Berlin squatters move th their senior team

The teenage tennis player with the grown-up style All sail?

#### A matter of spending priorities

Washington's disappointment at the size of Bonn's proposed increase in defence spending of 4.2 per cent cannot lightly be brushed aside.

At a time when the United States is drastically increasing its arms expenditure this thrift on the part of a major ally may well be seen as a sign that Bonn plans to loosen links with Washing-

This is an issue Bonn must settle. the fact being that different yardsticks apply on either side of the Atlantic.

The Americans want to make good what they feel they have neglected for years, both in overall strategy and in relation to Europe, in comparison with the Soviet Union.

Bonn, on the other hand, does not feel it can accuse itself of neglecting the

In domestic terms it is exactly the opposite. The Social and Free Democrats, who share power in Bonn, are under pressure to prime desence spending after years of lavish expenditure.

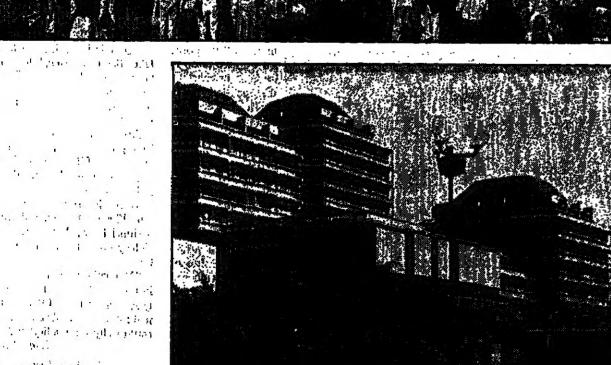
This pressure is particularly strong because defence cuts are felt to be essential as a counterweight to drastic cuts in the welfare sector.

Other political dynamite would mount up and hardly help Bonn's role as a mainstay of the Western alliance. Understandably the Bonn Opposition have taken up US dissatisfaction on this score. But they would be well advised

not to overdo it. There is no need to prompt on the There is no need to prompt of the home front an outright clash between Washington and Bonn on amaments.

Chancellor Schmidt has given his word that Bonn's (and Natos) security interests will in no way suffer.

(Kölner Stadt-Anzeiger, 3 August 4981)



Why not put paid to man

silly, self-important Anglician

#### J.F.Kennedy visit the brightest of a many-faceted image of Uncle Sam

Relations between Germans and Americans reached an unprecedented peak nearly 20 years ago when President Kennedy visited the Federal Re-

For a moment the two nations seemed to be one. It was much more than the politely applauded visit of a foreign

It was a triumphal procession without equal, satisfying for once the ever-present desire for the good guy, the hero in

None of Kennedy's successors managed such a degree of popularity in Germany. US popularity slumped dramatically during the Vietnam war, especially among the younger generation.

After Watergate the slump was accentuated by what might even be termed moralising, superciliousness, an attitude by no means alien to political ties between Bonn and Washington.

The failure of President Carter's bid to rescue the Tehran hostages was to a largo extent registered with a mixture of sympathy and amusement.

The United States is now being criticised again in connection with the arms debate. But do Germans really hold strongly anti-American feelings?

Oninion polls in recent years in no way indicate that they do. The signs are that criticism of the US on specific issues has failed to change the overall esteem in which America is held.



individual issues is, after all, merely part and parcel of the merry-go-round of news and views in the media age.

The honeymoon is over, it has occasionally been said, and this is probably a more accurate comparison than talk of anti-Americanism.

There can be no mistaking a return to normal, if only because it is a far cry from the days when ties between the two countries were governed more by

Judgements and prejudices on other countries are influenced in part, when all is said and done, by personal encoun-

For many who grew up in the US Zone of post-war Germany the United States came to mean GIs who generously doled out such treasured commodities as chewing gum and chocolate.

America was equated with Care food parcels and Rosinenbomber, or raisin bombers, as the US airlift planes bound

For Germans who grew up in the post-war years the dream of a better tomorrow will always be associated with the American way of life.

This may not be so for today's young

people, who are in any case little in-

clined to accept the historical conditions of their existence.

But as for their elders, memories may have faded, but not to the extent that they have been forgotten, and they are memories that are a poor breeding ground for anti-American sentiment.

The special relationship Germans have with the New World is based on more than material considerations. At the end of the war Germany was defeated, destroyed and at odds with itself.

After the war it leant, almost as a matter of course, on the powerful, one might even say legendary, United States and at times hid behind it.

But divided Germany had to come to terms with itself and embarked, like any other country, on a quest for national

In the process it was virtually bound to part-company to some extent with its all-powerful model, the USA:

Genuine anti-Americanism can be studied in Iran, where even the humble Coke bottle is felt to symbolise a diabolical imperialism.

In Iran was is waged on Western civilisation in general and the American way of life in particular with an earnest that has long gone round the bend to

For Germany such an obsession is no more than a historic memory of, say, the much-vaunted arch-enmity between Germany and France.

#### Unlike in Britain or France LOME AFFAIRS no resistance in Germany to And TOME AFFAIRS sation of the arts or the cities like books, TV series and restaurant of Ronn decre welcomed or at least series welcomed or at least series. Bonn decides where the are welcomed, or at least account At times one might even with budget axe will fall mans showed more signs of pall dence and independence:

Germans use? It would such a fundy-duddy and old-fashioned in the fundy-duddy and old-fashioned in the fund school fashions and training sometimes aped with laughship ness. This trend to invite the fundy services and training services are such as the fundy services and training services are such as the fundy services are such as the fundy

ness. This trend to imitate the life tainly shows that the American as of about DM18bn are to be life continues to exercise its fact and in the 1982 budget. DM9.5bn Viewed in this light an has will be saved in the social security such as the Amerika-Haus as In addition, a tobacco tax information centres are known in the form June 1 next year should be to the continue of the saved in the social security. ny, is touchingly antiquated. In DM1 4bn,

ny, is touchingly antiquated.

US cultural diplomacy is can be moves were announced by the Hollywood. American myth, be allowed and ideals have long become or allowed and ideals have long become or an experience of the Ughbar hardes, the SPD and the FDP, and than the skylines of German cita.

Even the concept of the Ughbar will be approved as draft laws by can is one that has gained come chinet next month.

Germany via the US motion plant are clear that social security would dustry.

This indeed is what is so about Germany's relationship with hardly been able to take the state the Pope. It is widely felt in have been exported ready-made that the German authorities did have been exported ready-made that the in tips that he was in hiding in US arts business. rica. Positive or negative vira

So the warning that must be ker many.

not against anti-Americanism but of it is high time we put paid to the accepting artistic cliches at face that of official contacts between Europe Years ago scholarship-holder of Tuckey, Europe must surely find it asked how they felt about her for to talk with Turkey now.

Thos who had never been the General Kenan Evren, the chairman disparaging; those who had were the National Security Council, seems Michael School to become the next democrati-(Frankfurter Alleman Schelerled, Turkish, head of state.

für Deutschland, 23 lei is

(Süddeutsche Zeitung, 28 July 1981)

come under the axe. It has grown uncontrollably.

This growth could only be paid for if the economy was growing quickly enough. It isn't.

Finance Minister Hans Matthöfer was right when he said that ever rising taxes and social security contributions had a negative effect on work performance.

The average earner now pays 37 pfennigs in every deutschmark of extra earnings to the state in the form of taxes and social security contributions. And unless something is done soon this will soon rise to 50 pfennigs.

The realisation that demands on the state cannot go up indefinitely if investments are to be maintained was the guiding principle in the budget

Pruning will concentrate on the abuse of unemployment benefits. Here the cabinet thought it intolerable that the takehome pay of a worker was less than the income of a clever operator who knew how to divide his year into a few months of work and lots of leisure time at the expense of the social security sys-

The headaches started when it became obvious that eliminating abuses alone cannot put an end to the growing social

This is particularly evident in the unemployment insurance where the pinch is felt more than anywhere else.

Eliminating abuse here would save DM3bn at best, which is only a fraction of the deficit that now stands at more

Office budget alone. The cabinet's answer to the problem

than DM10bn in the Federal Labour

can best be summed up as austerity

The Finance Ministry is unwilling to contribute more than about one-third to help plug the Labour Office hole.

Another third is to come from the prevention of abuse and the rest will have to be found by employers and workers: unemployment insurance contributions are to be raised from 3 to 3.5 per cent next year.

True, this will not bite immediately because the social security pensions contributions, which went up in January, are to be reduced from 18.5 to 18 per

· But it will not be long before the pensions fund starts feeling the pinch resulting from reduced revenues.

Should this shifting game to on for two years, as is now intended, the deficit in the pensions fund will be around

This spells the end of improved pensions as announced before the 1980 election. It also means that increased contributions are already programmed

There is no sign of fairness in all this manipulation. But there will be a bit in changes to pension privileges now enjoyed by people in the mining sector which account for a DM9bn drain on

The new budget would provide for special pensions only for miners who actually work underground. The others would be entitled to regular pensions

The Bonn politicians are also trying to come up with a fairer distribution of child allowances.

The idea is that big earners should get none at all - but the details here are still to be worked out. Gerda Strack (Frankfurter Rundschau, 31 July 1981)

#### **Expulsion of** rebel from SPD upheld

he Arbitration Committee of the Lower Rhine district SPD has upheld the expulsion from the party of Karl-Heinz Hansen.

Hansen, a Bonn MP since 1969 and member of the Bundestag Defence and Foreign Affairs Committees, has been under fire for his opposition to the Nato decision to boost the medium range missile potential in Europe and for his outspoken criticism of the Chancellor.

The committee ruled that he had caused grave harm to the SPD by "deliberately violating the important principle of party solidarity."

Hansen's first "violation" occurred in February when he lambasted the Chancellor in an article in the magazine Konkret for permitting the supply of submarines to Chile and called the whole thing "a political disgrace."

The expulsion decision was further buttressed by Hansen's statement in early May to the effect that the Nato decision was "a sort of secret diplomacy directed against our own people."

The committee decided that this was clearly directed against the government under Helmut Schmidt and that it was a "deliberate insult" that could lead the public to believe that SPD policy was directed against the nation's interests.

The arbitration committee stressec that the ruling must not be understood as a ban on the public debate and criticism of the Social-Liberal government

But it also emphasised that the manner in which Hansen acted lacked respect for those who hold different views and that it was "driving a wedge in the

The wedge is already in evidence. Hansen, who describes himself as a "good Social Democrat who steadfastly sticks to the resolutions passed at party congresses and adheres to the basic principles of his party", refu

He now wants to take the matter before the National Arbitration Committee and, if necessary, to the Constitutional

Court,
There is a tide of letters of sympathy inundating Hansen's Bonn office, mostly from the Young Socialists and the SPD rank and file.

Deutsches Algemeines Schningsblatt,

### Time for Turkey to come

comes from the visits of statesmen.

British Foreign Office. In Germany the domestic debate on

in public, the family and the state of the The Bonn coalition is looking a little shaky as it is: there is no need, Herr Genscher must surely feel, to make matover ties with Turkey,

and led to a change in standards and

to democracy and how fast they act on

But Europe ought also to be lending Turkey a hand, and apart from aid commitments that are unquestionably substantial Europe seems for some time have been dragging its feet on this point.

The runkish armed forces took over this soviet strategists maintain, is no cause democracy can time and again be to barracks in both cases, and they have upset in Turkey, no intention of holding on to power for the control of th

in out of the cold

ing even more) of what they see. Right-wingers naturally worry about

Seldom have such delegations seen fit to sound a common note and call for

were being killed in street fighting.

against torture when carried out

democratic rights by themselves.

Yet many delegations have visited to set up a democratic system that is stabler and better suited for Turkish conditions than its predecessors. Europe is duty bound to give Turkey

> any help it may need. It is also duty bound to insist on human rights being upheld without fear or favour. In its policy towards Turkey Europe must also bear in mind that it must provide a counterweight to the United

For the Reagan administration Turkey is first and foremost a bulwark against They also seem to have forgotten that the Soviet Union. At present Washington feels it is of secondary importance whether or not Turkey has a democratic

government. The Soviet Union, having appreciated they are worth, Moscow, which used to Still less are they anywhere near ap-

mans to give other peoples lessons in The Bolshoi Ballet may have been democracy, having signally failed to gain sent on tour to Islanbul but the Soviet view remains unchanged, Moscow spe-The Turks can hardly be said to have culates on the West being mable to redone so either, but that is hardly the tain its hold on Turkey in the long

This, Soviet strategists maintain, is be-

Europe, a state of affairs in the Union.

The papers are the CSU-owned the papers are the CSU-owned Anti-German sentiment is a state of affairs in the papers are the CSU-owned Anti-German sentiment is a state of an independent concever since Turks have been require daily, Münchner Merkur.

Turks have been require daily, Münchner Merkur.

The Federal De Merkur basically supports the public of Germany and other was a secontly allowed itself a sentiment.

Yet if the current military protest tow between the Bavarian Prime fails to restore democracy the purposer, Franz Josef Strauss, and his of democratic renewal may be said station Minister, Hans Maier.

The row involved two Munich news-

Turkey is partly to blame in the area and at one stago Herr Maier

countries.

The Turks feel they have a real list liberty prompted the Bayernkuvisit the West as often as they like too. Then Herr Maler, a professor of pohere as long as they like too. Then Herr Maler, a professor of pohere as long as they like too. Then Herr Maler, a professor of pohere as long as they like too. Then Herr Maler, a professor of pohere as long as they like too. Then Herr Maler, a professor of pohere as long as they like too. Then Herr Maler, a professor of pohere as long as they like too. Then Herr Maler, a professor of pohere as long as they like too. Then Herr Maler, a professor of pohere as long as they like too. Then Herr Maler, a professor of pohere as long as they like too. Then Herr Maler, a professor of pohere as long as they like too. Then Herr Maler, a professor of pohere as long as they like too. Then Herr Maler, a professor of pohere as long as they like too. Then Herr Maler, a professor of pohere as long as they like too. Then Herr Maler, a professor of pohere as long as they like too. Then Herr Maler, a professor of pohere as long as they like too. Then Herr Maler, a professor of pohere as long as they like too. Then Herr Maler, a professor of pohere as long as they like too. Then Herr Maler, a professor of pohere as long as they like too. Then Herr Maler, a professor of pohere as long as they like too. Then Herr Maler, a professor of pohere as long as they like too. Then Herr Maler, a professor of pohere as long as they like too. Then Herr Maler, a professor of pohere as long as they like too. Then Herr Maler, a professor of pohere as long as they like too. Then Herr Maler, a professor of pohere as long as they like too. Then Herr Maler, a professor of pohere as long as they like too. Then Herr Maler, a professor of pohere as long as they like too. Then Herr Maler, a professor of pohere as long as they like too. The her was long as they like too. The herr Maler aways been sympathetic to the The German Gributt defamation and adventurist fabri-

ter, who is also under fire from the tion, which accuses him

erupts into peace



(Photo: Byen Simon)
liaving "snooped" on students, closed his article with words that are typical of people who write letters to the editor:

Münchner Merkur not only angered the latter's 81-year-old publisher Felix But-tersach ("It has all criteria of personal

not even intelligent."

which it will take years to recover. Herr Maler and Herr Strauss, however,

the peace during a special 90-minute Fearing that Strauss might use his mouthpiece to exert pressure on the Ba-varian press, several provincial newspa-

pers have taken up defensive positions.

Regensburg's Mittelbayerische Zeitung wrote angrily: "Even the omnipotence of a party as powerful as the CSU is no ex-

remains militant and on the offensive. Wrote editor-in-chief Wilfried Schamagl in a recent issue. I still have a column or two available." Karl Stankiewitz

No Par

It is time that official contacts between Turkey and Europe were resumed.

Since the generals swept to power in September 1980, Turkey has virtually had none of the diplomatic support that

It is being cold-shouldered despite the fact that it is a long-standing friend of Bonn, despite its membership of Nato. and despite the fact that its military government is more democratic than some

Since the coup, not a single Western European diplomat has visited Ankara apart from a minister of state from the

Turkey has clearly dissuaded Foreign Minister Genscher the tactician from talking with the present Turkish leaders

ters worse by giving cause for a dispute Military government is the red rag to the bull that has promoted this restraint.

Misgivings about military government of any kind are clearly warranted and since Turkey regards itself as part of Europe, Europe has the right to closely monitor the generals' promise to return

Turkey, especially from Germany, staying a few days and seeing little but passng judgement on much (and condemn-

detainees of their political persuasion, while left-wingers are no less keen to ensure that left-wing detainees (and they alone) are well treated.

the upholding of human rights. before the military coup 30 people a day

They are certainly reluctant to admit that they themselves did not protest

preciating that it is hardly up to Germain on friendly terms with Ankara.

The Turkish armed forces took over

rent chill in relations with the marked to resign from the Christian Europe, a state of affairs from the Union.

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## Newspaper row



Hans Maier

There are a lot of people who think the way I do."
The Bayernkurier attack on

defamation") and Bavaria's SPD but has also split the CSU in two camps.

While CSU Secretary-General Edmund Stoiber said of Maier that he had a "warped idea of freedom of opinion" and that he "lacked solidarity", a recent issue of the Münchner Merkur carried an article by the CSU Member of Parliament Gustav Matschel in which the author says that the Bayernkurler has "gone beyond the bounds of journalistic

He said that the party paper's article was "not only harmful but was not even

He concluded that the CSU media policy had suffered a setback from

managed to reach a compromise to keep

The Numberger Zeitung expressed fears that the days of coddling were over for good and that the use the big club.

cuse for attempts to muzzle a major news-The Bayernkurier, on the other hand,

(Stuttgarter Nachrichten, 22 July 1981)

#### Schmidt convinced his policies have the real grassroots support

L tains that his policies would win a taken as the true voice of the grassroots: clear backing in the SPD if grassroots the trade unions and the Social Demoviews were articulated.

He is convinced that many delegates at party congresses who claim to be rank and file members are not.

When he threatened to resign if the Nato double decision on arms-and-negotiation were not accepted, it was with the confidence that grass roots opinion in favour of the decision would work its way up through the party.

The SPD is no monolith. That is common knowledge. There are opposing views among the big three, Herbert Wehner, Willy Brandt, and Schmidt, collectively known as The Troika.

But they reconcile differences in the interests of party unity.

The Chancellor is convinced that he would not have to struggle for a majority within the party if he could deal directly with the grassroots.

It is this conviction that has prompted him to toy with the idea of summoning the SPD in his Hamburg constituency to a general meeting or indeed but this was never meant quite seriously - of rallying the entire Hamburg SPD in the city's biggest stadium.

Schmidt is convinced that he has the backing of the true grassroots.

silent majority by calling on it to speak

Herbert Wehner, the SPD floor leader for 12 years, was the man who

guided the transformation of the party

The craggy face of Wehner, who is

into a populist movement.

cratic Working Party on Labour Issues

Schmidt has always made a point of discussing and coordinating his policies with the trade unions.

And his prospects of success are excellent, despite the fact that the unions reject his latest decision on labour participation in industrial management and that unionists will fight any cutbacks in the social security system.

Though non-partisan, the trade unions and the AfA act as a link between the SPD and the working class and are part of the Chancellor's arsenal.

So it is not surprising that a workingclass area like western Westphalia ranks among Schmidt's staunchest supporters

Schmidt can count on a large majority in the Bundestag. MPs are better equipped to understand political realities than those delegates to congresses who are semi-informed and ideology-bound.

The SPD in Parliament has a strong wing of down-to-earth realists whose only interest is to get on with the job rather than theorise.

Although the SPD left wing in the Bundestag consists of about 60 MPs, His idea is to rally the support of the only 30 or so really count. And the hard

party in Patisment - especially in view

he Chancellor, Herr Schmidt, main-connected organisations that can be of the fact that Floor Leader Herbert Wehner knows how to keep his MPs in

But party power cannot be measured in numbers. Willy Brandt, for example, has a great following in the SPD working class.

Whether this gives him any strong base of power could only be established if he and the Chancellor were to have a

The same goes for the SPD in Parliament, which supports the Chancellor, although this must not be construed as meaning that it opposes Brandt.

And even in the National Executive Committee. Schmidt has repeatedly managed to rally majorities of 90 per cent or more, supported rather than opposed by Brandt.

The parliamentary party and the executive committee have always supported Schmidt on the missile modernisa-

Had Brandt steered a collision course with Schmidt, there would be a great many more opponents of the missile decision in the executive committee of

party, bringing opposing camps together rather than separating them.

For instance, he is highly regarded among members of the SPD Women's Movement; he is still a dialogue partner So the Chancellor can depend on his for the Young Socialists (which can no longer be said of Schmidth and he finds

it easier than Schmidt to get the The LAW Constitutional Court alters principle Brandt is closer to the part

Schmidt. He finds it exist a through to the first level of the pri tablishment as well, It is impossible to imagine would happen if they had be

each other in wooing each in-

But this will not happen and has three major rulings last year on lies the strength of this party to fince law reform the Constitutioneen in existence for more that for seems, in a fourth, to have years. party member.

It is no secret that the hole of penalising the guilty party.

head of the SPD has been by such case the Karlsruhe court has differences for years. Yet the of the case the teething troubles of ences have always been reconciled in Divorce Act.

A short while ago, the Only reaffirming the essentials of telephoned Brandt in connects to the case that it has imposed the party chairman's visit to be table restrictions at a number of saying: "What's the matter? I have agost.

The fact is that Brandt like the best of the new Act, amount

The fact is that Brandt like sides behind the new Act, amount further than the government is eign policy forays. This work

Wehner makes a point of the entirely on his own when and a issue he wants to speak his mid. The three men at the top have

underbar? A Stuttgart lawyer has ly different personalities and Ma Munich owner of a chain of res-So it follows that they should have for defamation of character, eye-to-eye on a number of impage far she has failed on a technical-

But until there is proof to be a technicality that decided a Mutrary, it must be taken for small count to rule her suit inadmissible neither Brandt nor Wehner was that women did not constitute a Chancellor to be toppled for what defined social group.

1974, this would mean the end of white then can possibly be said to be Social Democrats in government to a group, you may wonder. So does so solidarity remains. When he is a group, you may wonder. So does to the crunch, the troika alway shaper. She has appealed the cart towards the common and shaperourt.

the cart towards the common god the children was the quotation of the (Die Weit, 23 let) the the March issue of Gut Speind Reisen, a magazine published

Abowl full

of caviar

t women like caviar, useless yet

over the Guillaume affair. "The Music of this comparison with over the Guillaume affair. "The Music caviar, she said.

Wehner has remained an edge Munich court ruled against her many of his close party friends and said charges were only allowed when

the concept of one German aside want lawyers, medical practitioners focal point of his being and action ladges themselves are all clearly This has led to a number of sol test social groups, to judge by past

All this demonstrates the and the blow for equal rights?

which Wehner sticks to his complete women not to merit as much even if this means fighting it od to and dignity as doctors or the

his fellow party members.

He has always been a loner which has necessary been a loner which has ne been known to isolate himself an Wagner claims, with some justiin his private life has always that Wienerwald advertising is stiently disparaging of the female

Klous-Dietrich Gwei Susan Lepiorz

to case law rulings along "yes, but"

on 'guilty party' in divorce

Is divorce to be granted when a marriage is felt to have broken down irreparably? Yes, but not when taken to ex-

Should pension rights accrued during marriage be shared fairly between the two parties? Yes, but not if it means making an award from which neither is likely to benefit. Ought a decree to be granted automa-

tically after separation for a certain length of time? Yes, but not at a time that is totally unsatisfactory, even if that should mean no for good.

This was the gist of the three 1980 rulings; the latest, given at the end of July this year, can be expressed in similar terms.

Should alimony be awarded regardless who may be considered to have been the guilty party? Yes, but not in the case of clear and serious misbehaviour by one or other of the parties.

The miscreant will not even awarded alimony if he or she retains custody over children born during the mar-

The obvious objection is that the parent who is awarded custody must elther go out to work or live on the allowance awarded for the child's upkeep and

he Supreme Court has overturned a

conviction against a housepainter who

was alleged to have raped a girl apprentice.

tice had allowed herself to be raped

because she felt it would have been

The painter had pushed her into a

In its judgment, the Supreme Court

ruled that the painter could not be said to

strong criticism from women's groups.

storeroom and stood before the door.

pointless to resist.

for help, it said.

by our phone number?"

favourable to the bench.

According to the evidence, the appren-

upbringing, so the child will be the

The court's rejoinder is that a husband or wife who has been guilty of such serious misbehaviour will not as a rule be a suitable person to bring up a

In other words, someone who, to quote the ruling, deserts his or her marital partner without good cause, breaks out of the marriage or takes a new partner against the other's will, will be awarded neither alimony nor, as a rule, custody over the children.

Conversely, a divorcee who is not found guilty of misbehaviour will be entitled to the full social status he or she could have expected if the marriage had remained intact.

The ruling expressly states that in circumstances such as these the innocent party will be entitled to alimony and a share of accrued pension and other

What is more, this entitlement will continue to apply even if the innocent party worked during the marriage, forewent no prospects of promotion during the marriage and could live satisfactorily on his or her individual earnings.

Alimony entitlement will in this case be based solely on the fact that the other party earns a higher income.

So it cannot be denied that good behaviour is to be rewarded and bad behaviour to be penalised.

Does this not amount to a return to the guilt principle? The answer can only be that it will depend on the circum-

The new ruling may apply to particularly serious cases only or it may mark a first step in the direction of a reversion to the idea of the guilty party.

The Constitutional Court has repeatedly called on the Bundestag to amend



the Act to enable the judges to decide more flexibly and in keeping with the individual circumstances.

Initial amendments have already reached committee stage. Others are sure

Every ruling so far by the Karlsruhe Constitutional Court judges on the law as it stands has widened the leeway of divorce court judges.

What constitutes clear misbehaviour? What is a decree at a totally unsatisfactory juncture? What is a case of special

The way courts rule on these turns of phrase used by the Constitutional Court will inevitably differ from bench to bench in the years to come.

Time alone will tell which way tho trend turns.

Eva Marie von Münch (Die Zeit, 24 July 1981)

#### Wehner stays at the helm in spite of the storms

now 75, bears the marks of the many conflicts, challenges and storms. He has had political disappointment and health problems, but he has never

been tempted to throw in the towel. Speculation about his resignation has been rampant for years, but he has made it quite clear that he will "pull the cart as long as the cart agrees to being

No matter how one feels about him. it is almost impossible to imagine a Bundestag without him. And whenever he takes the floor the usually empty Parliament is filled.

Yet he has never been a great orator. and his convoluted sentences bear witness to a mind that sees a great many facets and is subject to deep emotions. And whenever his temper runs away

with him - something he rarely leaves to chance - he provides the parliamentary drama many people look for. But Wehner's explosiveness and his

are not so much aimed at day-to-day politics as at an opponent whom he feels he must hit on moral issues. Only somebody who has for decades

been a butt and a victim of underhand attacks because of his communist past can lash out like this. Wehner, who was in the resistance during the Third Reich, still smarts under the injustice of not being forgiven

his communist past while those who

were members of the Nazi party have

long been exonerated. Wehner himself has never hidden his past. He has never tried to hide the fact

that, while a member of the pre-1933 Saxon parliament, he lambasted both the Nazis and the Social Democrats.

Nor has he ever tried to cover up for the fact that, after Hitler came to power, he worked underground for the Communists and maintained closs contact with men like Pieck and Ulbricht while living in Moscow's Lux Hotel.

But even before war's end, when he came to know Stalin's terror and informer regime, he started to break with the Communists, And in 1946, on his return to Germany from Sweden, he realised that his place was in the West and in Germany, and he joined the

for Herbert Wehner. They gave him a first-hand insight into short-term tacties and long-term strategies, conspiracy and dogmatism and, naturally, many an abyss

Wehner, who has been a Bundestag member without a break since 1949, has always been deeply involved with and committed to the problems of the two Germanies.

His rise within the SPD was programmed - so much so that Carlo Schmid wrote in his memoirs that even in the 1950s "nothing could be attempted within the party without Herbert Wehner - something which to traditionalists could well have appeared as a break with the party's 100-year-old tradi-

At the 1959 Godesberg Party Con-

gress Wehner said he considered himself "once hurned"

Ouoting Kurt Schumacher, he said that Marxist ideology was only one of many pillars of Social Democratic programmes enjoying equal importance as philosophical and ethical tenets and, indeed, the spirit of the Sermon on the

It was Wehner who anticipated and prepared the transformation of the SPD into a populist party and it was he who was instrumental in paving the way for the Grand Coalition and the gradual transition from CDU government to a Social-Liberal coalition.

Although he was never interested in any high government office, he accepted post of minister for intra-German affairs during the 1966-69 Grand Coali-

That the CDU accepted him in this Cabinet post must have been as much of a source of satisfaction for him as it was for Franz Josef Strauss to have been declared "worthy of a ministerial post" by the SPD after he had had to resign over the Spiegel affair.

Wehner has been the SPD floor leader for the past 12 years; and during all this time he has been a shining example of devotion to duty to his younger fellow-MPs.

With all his instinct for political power and the ways and means of getting it and holding onto it he does not consider himself as the vaunted "task-

master" and whip who ensurated to Wienerwald chain of barbecue Chancellor gets the majority has a in restaurants.

Instead, he has been the san to be resented being compared with ca-

Instead, he has been the many resented being compared with ca-chancellors how far they can plant in this way and preferred charges ficing Social Democratic idea to the first Friedrich Jahn, the restaurateur, igencies of keeping a coslibin first staff of his house magazine. And it was Wehner who profit left her honour as a woman had Brandt when he was Chancellor to insufted by this comparison with

graphers.

In any event, it is obvious that and to a clearly defined social group.

of that which makes him tick is a were not such a group.

ed by the memories of his early the makes a dim view of this.

To know that his actual hours depinion and lodged an appeal. Perthe other Germany (he comes to an about a group.)

Dresden, now in the GDR) has a social prejudice are involved, the concept of the German minimum language.

ays in matters of Ostpolitik and Why not women?

earned him considerable criticism to their honour not deserve such alleged overtaxing of the Benin is the law can afford? Is this ment.

modest family man.

He abhors the whealer-dealing of

He abhors the wheeler-dealing to merely chose the caviare insult rub my back, I'll rub your merely chose the caviare insult rub my back, I'll rub your man it was a clear insult and most creates among the electorale.

There is yet another difficult to there were well-established legal derstand trait of a man who was a dear whether or not thus astio follower of Marrist ideals to the seen whether or not thus late 1960s he confissed to the case of the caviare insult and most ideals to the seen whether or not thus late 1960s he confissed to the caviare insult and most in the late 1960s he confissed to the caviare insult and most in piece were well-established legal to the caviare insult and most in piece were well-established legal to the caviare insult and most in piece were well-established legal to the caviare insult and most in piece were well-established legal to the caviare insult and most in piece were well-established legal to the caviare insult and most in piece were well-established legal to the caviare insult and most in piece were well-established legal to the caviare insult and most in piece were well-established legal to the caviare insult and most in piece were well-established legal to the caviare insult and most in piece were well-established legal to the caviare insult and most in piece were well-established legal to the caviare insult and most in piece were well-established legal to the caviare insult and most insult and most in piece were well-established legal to the caviare insult and most in the long run."

> (Mimberger Nachrichton, 25 July 1981) (Der Tagessplegel, 11

#### Sharp reaction to overturned rape conviction

sexuality of male domination. When a woman says no she doesn't necessarily

have used force. The girl could have called The ruling has, not surprisingly, drawn Called for their views on the subject, women who deal most frequently with

rape cases first ask: "How did you come "On no account must they provoke Only then do they voice their views

on the case, and they are invariably un-The ruling comes as no surprise to Gertl. It's always the same story, she Staff at the Frauenhaus in Porz, near Cologne, take a dim view of the ruling. So do their counterparts at Munich's Frauencase and the rape emergency

switchboards in Berlin and Mainz. must, by the same token, have been wil-Yet they fail to sound the note of spontaneous protest that might have been expected in view of the court's considered opinion.

It is that force cannot be said to have used when a man takes a woman to an out-of-the-way place where she cannot expect help so fails to offer resis-Locking a woman in or restricting her

freedom of movement in a comparable manner need not necessarily be a use of torce either. It took a clearer reference to the

ruling in question to elicit the expected response from the women at the other end of the line. Gerti in Berlin said: "Judges and

police have exactly the same mentality as rapists."

Karin in Cologne said: "That is the

mean it, they imply."
Uschl in Munich said: "Double standards again! How often are we told in the courtroom that women must not offer resistance; they must think first and foremost in terms of saving their lives.

the rapist. Yet a woman who doesn't scream is promptly felt to have wanted to have intercourse."

says. There is always the suggestion that it is physically impossible to have intercourse with a woman who doesn't want. In other words, a woman who is raped

There was a case here in Berlin where a 40-year-old woman was virtually asked what she expected at her time of

life," Gerti says, aggeration; it is certainly very much in keeping with German court rulings on

In 1965 the Supreme Court ruled that it was not rape when the man uses force to perform indecent acts on the woman to stimulate a state of sexual excitement in which he hopes she will yield of her own free will."

The woman must also clearly indicate, throughout the act of intercourse, that she does not want to have sex with the man.

There is a Latin term meaning the use of force against a woman who is playing hard to get. The courts in no way equate Rape is similarly felt not to have it with rape.

occurred when the man assumes that the woman, who has abandoned overt resistance, is in fact a consenting party. "A woman who is asked in the dock whether she was not excited and whe-

ther she did not enjoy it is raped a second time in court," says Gerti. The woman is usually up against it in a rape case because in seven cases out of 10 the alleged rapist is a man she

The case thus runs counter to the classical assumption, as sociologist Ul-

rike Teubner puts it. Public opinion is for the most part loaded against the woman too, according to a poll by sociologist Kurt Weis.

He found that 39 per cent of people he questioned felt the woman was merely trying to avenge herself on the man, 45 per cent felt the woman who preferred rape charges was merely trying to justify what she had done in the eyes of parents, friends or her husband and 31 per cent felt the woman was just being

Yet the use of force as defined in rape cases does indeed differ from the Supreme Court's definition in other in-

When a motor vehicle blocks the public highway it is, according to the Supreme Court, using force.

When protesters stage a sit-in outside a barracks and try to stop tanks from driving out by sitting in their path this too is a use of force. Yet locking a woman in is not. The

Supreme Court in Karlsruhe has only just ruled that it is not. H.-H. Holzemer (Die Welt, 25 July 1981)

9 Em

#### Political considerations behind East-West deals



he whole question of trade between L East and West has again come under focus because of President Reagan's opposition to the Europe-Soviet gas-for-pipes deal.

A little over a year ago, the arguments were discussed in detail when Jimmy Carter was President against the backdrop of the Afghanistan invasion.

Apart from Poland's troubles, there has been little change in economic relations between East and West since.

In fact, trade between the two has stopped growing. West Germany's trade with Comecon countries has actually

The East Bloc's drive to reduce its trade deficit with the West, which was ushered in in the mid-1970s, continues, according to the Bonn Economic Affairs

This has been further aggravated by the slower economic growth in both East and West.

Yet there has been some progress in economic cooperation as laid down in the CSCE Final Act.

But this is still being hampered by difficulties in establishing companies in the East, in direct contacts between companies in both camps and in obtaining information. The same applies to

biggest pipe producer.)

sortium of German banks.

the fourth "gas for pipes" deal

other three were concluded in 1970,

1972 and 1974 and account for the sup-

ply of 12bn cubic metres of gas a year)

it would officially pay 7.75 per cent

interest and would make up the differ-

ence between this and market rates from

But the high interest rate is not the

main obstacle. This hurdle could be

taken relatively easily through interest

rate adjustment clauses in the contract

- especially in view of the fact that

such long-term deals that extend into

earnings resulting from the deal.

view negotiations.

Financing is to be done through a

the East Bloc's preference for barter

All this makes such major barter deals as the envisaged European-Soviet natural gas agreement even more spectacular.

There is a political dimension to deals of this nature because they hinge on mammoth credits guaranteed by the state. They also go hand in hand with the hope of opening up major energy and raw materials sources that would relieve the global energy balance and make the East Bloc a responsible party in the pre-sent exchange, thus defusing the politi-

It remains to be seen whether the concepts on the two sides of the Atlantic can be reconciled. Bonn, buttressed by sensible business representatives, has made it clear that it sees no danger of excessive dependence on the Soviet Union and that it is prepared to cooperate in redrafting the list of strategically mportant goods.

But it is still unclear whether the United States wants to use foreign trade as an instrument of foreign policy.

In any event, as far back as last year Washington said it wanted the stateowned Hermes Insurance Corporation to restrict its export guarantees for trade with the East Bloc - both the range of goods and the amounts involved.

But all proposals that go beyond crisis response should be rejected by Germany and the Europeans. Eberhard Wisdorff



#### Western banks give Poland into halt the departure from fiscal to be sense though the operation is crucial breathing space

The decision by several Western grave as it is one of the man histain on money markets and force several years for the repayment of the principal on loans to Poland is bound to

Though the latest party congress in Warsaw provided the basis for a continued reform course in Poland, the democratisation process stands and falls with economic recovery.

Unfortunately, the economic situation is extremely precarious. Poland's production and exports dropped by 18 per cent in the first six months of this year.

The decline in coal production was as (Handelsblatt, 24 July 1981) ligh as 20 per cent, which is particularly

on to strongly resist running up The rector of the Economics in Wroclaw told the congress continue along present line selection interest rates are not likely soon find ourselves without at & down soon. This will only happen

ratorium the Warsaw government the President Reagan listened to have had to find about Dillip to complaints over the erratic year for repayments of prince test at and exchange rate fluctua-

The weakened economy could be A Velcter told the US Senate that hope to raise this amount. What would keep his foot on the brakes.

Lind, the Federal Reserve Bank was Continued on page?

ligetting easing up prematurely in

tern Europe (Norway 16 ps ect. He is not done so, interest rates land 37 per cent; domestic material probably have gone down by now. ever, they would be even higher Thus the Soviet gas share it or give the fact that the prime rate al-

ing from consumption to in-

has given Schmidt several

not surprising that he came

said's high interest rates, which

America's inflation rate shows

Federal Reserve Board Chairman

intentions. The difference is The deal for 40bn cubic meters he has already done much, while would earn the Soviets some Difference still has it before him.

flowing until the mid-1980s. The current debt is the result of

guid's economy must be restruc-Yet the OECD countries want and the new government has al-

(Veridentache Aligemeine, 24 July 1941)

## hand for domestic economising

In any event, Schmidt's blueprint is completed though he has so far kept it

It is pretty safe to assume that both the Chancellor and his finance minister are determined to put the emphasis on paring down expenditure by doing away with certain subsidies and tax advantages rather than resorting to direct tax increases. This makes it unlikely that the tax on oil will be raised.

The figures mentioned in Ottawa amounted to cuts totalling well over

But the question is where to start paring which, incidentally, must not be done by Bonn alone but also by the Länder and the municipalities. Considering that 38.5 per cent of

Germany's GNP already goes into taxes and various social security contributions, it is obvious that there is little scope

Trade Union Federation Chairman Heinz Oskar Vetter should think twice before suggesting higher tax for the self-employed. In any event, such a suggestion would be likely to fall on deal ears in Bonn, which works on the assumption that the unions will cooperate in the new austerity programme.

But this pressupposes that the paring knife is applied evenly and without sparing the civil service.

More taxation means more moonlighting, more tax evasion and less efficient

Labour Minister Ehrenberg would therefore be well advised to reconsider his initial suggestion that unemployment insurance contributions be upped by half a per cent.

It can be taken as a foregone conclusion that such a suggestion will not be

The more obvious approach would be to do away with a wide range of subsidies and tax relief and to cut down on those social security benefits that are actually antisocial because they encourage

There are 40 different flat-rate deductions in our income-tax system and 127 other relief items for businesses and individuals, accounting for a whacking

On top of this, there are 116 types of direct subsidies which account for another DM13bn. One of them is the pointless relief airlines and shipping enjoy on

Child allowances (which should remain essentially unchanged but lapse when the child reaches the age of majority) devour another DM19bn a year.

Piscal relief in the tax returns of couples is likely to get away unscathed.

But there is some scope for cutbacks in the spending of the Federal Labour

This could include the moncy that goes down the drain due to provisions governing the temporary employment of wives during the season, as in the catering business; the practice of dismissing staff on reaching the age of 59 at the expense of the social security pensions system; and the miners' insurance that should apply only to those who actually work underground,

The social security system devours some DM86bn, about one-third of government spending. So it cannot be immune to cutbacks.

This applies even more to the special civil service privileges and to the DM44bn defence budget - especially in view of the fact that no treaty or agreement stipulates a three per cent annual

Anybody who in today's situation sets out to cut spending and put the budget on a sound footing must not be deterred by a forest of taboos. Franz Thoma

(Süddeutsche Zeitung, 23 July 1981)

#### Agriculture escapes

**EEC** cutback about DM1.5bn from the original

Regional and social expenditures come off worst, which is a blow because of unemployment in all member

In contrast, the biggest money guzzler agriculture, is untouched.

Britain, among others, had hoped to receive a several-million-deutschemark booster shot for its structurally weak

The cutbacks are a victory for Bonn, which has long wanted to pare down the Community budget.

Though the finance ministers are still vithholding approval of the additional billion asked by France, that country's dogged pursuit of its demands gives a foretaste of the resistance Bonn's envisaged agricultural reform will continue to meet with.

As long as President Mitterrand remains determined to keep the farmers on his side Europe will continue to economise in the wrong places.

Bettina Wieselmann (Stuttgarter Nachrichten, 25 July 1981)

#### Bundesbank adamant: money controls are to stay

oney will remain tight and expensive for the rest of the year, says the Bundesbank.

Its latest report, undaunted by criticism from the Ottawa summit and the trade unions, says that because of inflation, money supply during the second half of the year should increase by no more than 4 or 5 per cent.

This was in line with keeping the 1981 monetary growth target at between 4 and 7 per cent.

The Bundesbank stresses its determination to combat both home-made imported inflation in order to restore confidence in the buying power of the deutschemark, both at home and abroad. Inflation rate has inevitably risen, it

says. Instead of the anticipated 3.5 to 4 per cent, domestic goods are likely to go up by 4 per cent in during the year.

As a result of the heavy deutschemark depreciation against the dellar, prices of imported goods and production costs. have risen more than anticipated. The money supply went up by 5 per

cent in May and June and the Bundes bank rejects the accusation that its



monetary policy is entirely foreign trade

Moreover, it stresses that the present policy is not excessively restrictive. Banks have received a liquidity boost worth billions as a result of the support action for the French franc.

than before on economic developments in this country because production has been maintained.

According to the report, the GNP in the first quarter of the year was DM380bn, 0.5 per cent higher than in the same period in 1980.

This means a GNP rise of just under 3. per cent against last year. But, adjusted for inflation, there has been a 2 per cent

The Bundesbank now pins its hopes on rising production.

Output in May reached the previous year's level, after lagged behind in the first four months of the year. Overall production, including the con-

struction industry, in the first five months of 1981 was 3 per cent below the previous year. Yet production in the manufacturing industry dropped by only

In electrical engineering, road vehicles and consumer goods there was a slight increase in May. Only the construction industry lagged 3.5 per cent behind the previous year.

Hopes that the economy would receive a shot in the arm through stepped up exports were dampened by the disappointing orders in May.

But the central bank attributes the diminished demand in the manufacturing industry in May (8 per cent below pril level) to the heavy tide of orders in the preceding months.

Foreign orders in May dropped by 10 per cent against April; but their volume was still 8 per cent greater than in the same month of 1980.

Domestic orders (adjusted for infla-tion) in May lagged 6,5 per cent behind April when a many of major orders came in.

Overall, the order books in May were slightly fuller. Harald Manke

(Rheinische Post, 21 July 1981)

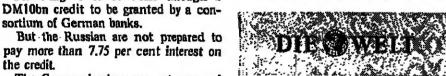
# 3

#### The final negotiations between the Dispute over terms holds up L Soviet Union and a European consortium for the biggest natural gas deal ever should actually have begun in flow of Russian gas But high interest rates and the ap-

proval by the Norwegian Parliament of a new natural gas contract with a number The deal bugbear is the gas deal with Norway that provides for the supply of of European countries put a spanner in 5.5bn cubic metres a year, starting from the works. Under the European-Soviet deal, the 1990. The first shipment would be pro-Soviets are to provide an annual 40bn vided via a new pipeline to be installed

cubic metres of gas, starting from the at a cost of about DM5bn with work mid-1980s, in return for 6m tons of West European pipes, of which 3m tons The European gas companies were esare to be provided by Mannesmann. sentially guided by supply considerations (What adds piquancy to the deal is the in the Norwegian deal: North Sea gas is fact that the Soviet Union is the world's seen as a safe supply.

Also, once the pipeline to the Con-



The German bankers are not prepared to give special terms to the Soviet tinent has been laid it could also be Union. So if Moscow is to save face in

> Bonn's plans to replace oil by gas would have to be shelved.

A further delay of the fourth gas-forpipes deal with the Soviets would provide additional ammunition for those who want to prevent the deal. This applies particularly to the Reagan Administration - but not a single one of the parties represented in the Bundestag.

Washington argues that the Soviet gas would expose Western Europe to political blackmail in view of the fact that the next century usually provide for re- the new contract would make the Ger-

Russians for 30 per cent of their supplies (today 17 per cent).

Another major argument is that the earnings from the deal would enable the Russians to build up their strategic potential still further. The first argument overlooks two

facts: the additional supply of 12bn cubic metres makes up for the 7bn cubic metres which Iran was supposed to have provided through a pipeline via the Soviet Union. No objections to this deal were raised in Germany.

In addition, the new deal would supplement quotas that will be discontinued on the expiry of the old contracts.

Another thing that is being overlooked is the fact that the Soviets are about to restructure their primary energy policy by replacing oil exports by gas ex-

In other words, oil shipments from the Soviet Union will be diminishing in the years ahead. Veba has already cancelled the import of 2m tons of Soviet

The dependence on the Soviet Union for the enrichment of uranium, which now accounts for 50 per cent and to which no objection has ever been made. will be reduced once new capacities are put into operation by Euratom.

The supply of the private sector would remain unaffected even if the Russian were to turn off the tap from one day to the next because 83 per cent man has companies dependent in the of Germany's gas still comes from Wes-

mary energy supply amounts to praints at 21.5 per cent) if it were mary energy supply amounts to stands at 21.5 per cent) if it were than 5.5 per cent — far from more to the influx of European capital make us vulnerable to blackmal.

Moreover, the proportion of Social takes for a certain liquidity.

Moreover, the proportion of Social takes for a certain liquidity.

The of this capital comes from the North Scan alone have doubted it past 18 months, and experts are to the necessity of emthat this trend will continue.

The argument that Weslem have doubted it past 18 months, and experts are to the necessity of emthat this trend will continue.

The argument that Weslem have doubted it past 18 months, and experts are to the necessity of emthat this trend will continue.

The argument that Weslem have been in national budgets clearly would be boosting Moscow's six in national budgets clearly potential through the gas deal, it light to the influx of European capital takes for a certain liquidity.

The series of this capital comes from the North Scan alone have doubted it passage in the closing community past 18 months, and experts are the light passage in the closing community potential through the gas deal, it light to the necessity of emthat the past light past light to the necessity of emthat the past light past lig

potential through the gas deal, is wrong so far as foreign exchange it also coincides with President

annually. But this amount would have to be used pay for the pipeline from north-western Six: Europe for which they need to continued from page 6

DM10bn German credit since the needs is a breathing space in which gas against hard currency will ad thement its economic reforms.

Those who want to deprive the state to develop the export industry Union of foreign exchange for poly heavy borrowing in the West and strategic considerations would be the Gierek era. The project failed to oppose all trade with the fast state to propose all trade with the last state. be consistent.

velop this trade still further. ... I begun.

The alternative in planning of vivestments have already been supplies can therefore be summed and a three-year rehabilitation increasing the share of Soviet of the state of soviet of the share of soviet of soviet of the share of soviet of the share of soviet of the current 3 per cent to 55 per that the support of the independent total energy requirements of per that the support of the independent ing an 80 per cent dependent that the Polish economy back on Opeo powder keg.

Hans Barra Carra Claser

(Dia Well, 21 let

West Germany is a good place to invest and do business in but Bavaria

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wholesale banking to securities business family, while controversial among astro-Not forgetting, of mentary particle, the neutrino.

The neutrino's existence was postu-

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SPACE RESEARCH

#### Unlocking the secrets of the universe

daims, looking convincingly relaxed a polo-necked shirt and corduroy

ols of thought that are far from usy at the idea he shares with many

nse 15 billion years ago, since when it been drifting apart, the further the

ank Radioastronomy Institute, Bonn. radiotelescope in the Eifel hills with of the city, is the largest in the harld. It has been in operation for exactly

His claim that the universe is expanda late infinity, while confidently

hted by Wolfgang Pauli to account for the beatecay of neutrons. When not in

metropolis

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one gram, has a density of one. The earth as a whole has a density of five and a half. The mean density of the wide open spaces between galaxies.

If all matter were equally distributed throughout the universe its mean density would be less than 10 to the power of

In other words, zero point 29 zeros, then a figure one. And that, says Professor Mezger, is 40 to 50 times below the

Critical density is a crucial concept in cosmology, or the study of the universe. If the density of the universe is greater and there are more particles per cubic centimetre, the expanding universe will stop expanding at some time or other.

In accordance with the laws of gravity it will then start contracting again, whereas if there is less matter per cubic centimetre it will carry on expanding for

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ever.

The critical density is roughly 10 to

per cubic centimetre of space.

Professor Mezger and his fellow-astronomers in Bonn arrive at a figure of less than the critical density by measure-ments of the frequency of the two light-

They do so by using the world's largest radiotelescope, Effetsberg with its dish antenna 100 metres (328.1ft) in

tromagnetic radiation in the radio range, between 75 centimetres and 7 milli-

In this way it is possible to probe interstellar nebulas in which hydrogen is ionised by the light from a nearby hot

frequency measurement of hydrogen and helium which between them account for 98 per cent of cosmic matter.

ments as to the density of eleback to what it must have been a few

and in accordance with theoretical considerations the Bonn boffins are convinced the density of the universe is less

accepted, however, Professor Mezger says, although other, unrelated observations indicate the same conclusion.

Experts will probably not be convinced until the neutrino problem has been solved and they know for sure

Experiments have shown that neutrinos cannot weigh more than 30 electron volts, the electron volt being a unit of weight used by nuclear physicists.

times lighter in weight than the electron. But this ceiling of 30 electron volts was the degree of accuracy of the ex-

F. W. Stecker of the Goddard Space Flight Centre in America published early this year a hypothesis that neutrinos weigh about 14 electron volts each. He arrived at this figure on the basis

of purely theoretical considerations.

found in the many milky ways, and as

How, indeed, did matter put evenly to ions of mass from which ga-

ment of the elements, for the study of which even shorter wavelengths of less

But measurements in this range, the distant infra-red, cannot satisfactorily be Eifel hills.

Steam in the atmosphere filters radiation out, certainly in this wavelength range, so the Bonn astrophysicists are associated with the construction of observatories in Southern Spain and Arizo-

A research aircraft is also to be built, in collaboration with the German Aerospace Research Institute (DFVLR) and six other European countries.

Brown as Brown to Horst Rademacher (Kölner Stadt-Anzeiger, 24 July 1981)

#### On collision course

Gliese 710, a star that has made headline news in the United States, is set on a course that should bring it into head-on collision with the solar sys-

Wilhelm Gliese a friendly middle-aged man who works at the astronomical computer institute in Heidelberg.

He invariably takes to the rostrum a when speculation about the origins, extent and future of the

tion as an expert on stars in the vicinity of the solar system.

There have been objections to his collision theory but the overwhelming

Thirty-five years ago Wissotski and staff of Bonn observatory discovered Gliese 710 and many other previously unknown stars. It was first classified as

number helps to explain why little attention was paid to this particular star at the time. It was one of many.

It took computer statistician Gliese to notice that BD 1-3474 was set right on course for a head-on collision with the

Evaluation of his computer findings revealed that BD was heading towards the solar system, not away from it, at a

fore it gets anywhere near our own pla net, however: about 45 light years, to be

it is now known, should arrive on the In terms of the history of manking

this is a reassuring length of time. In terms of the estimated age of the solar

arrived at the conclusion that Gliese 710 should pass by the solar system at a distance of between zero and five light

Sun, which would mark the end of the

If, on the other hand, it were to pass by at a distance of five light years the solar system would hardly be affected, that being the approximate distance between the solar system and its. neighbour, Alpha Centauri.

Gliese reckons a direct hit would be extremely improbable but points out that if it were to pass by at, say, the distance of Jupiter from the Sun the solar system would unquestionably be in a

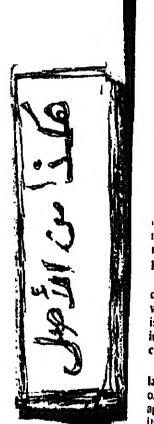
our way, is a red dwarf star of the most common kind in the vicinity of our

Astrophysicists inferr from the powerful calcium radiation it emits that Gliese 710 is extremely young. A transport of the

So even if it has earth-like planets orbitting it they will not boast even the most primitive living creatures, there not having been enough time for them to evolve.

But we will not know for sure for 580,000 years!

Heinz Günther (Die Welt, 25 July 1981)



#### Bayreuth changes show its flexibility

hirty years ago Bayreuth was given La new look by Wieland and Wolf- and harbinger of death, who in the segang Wagner, the composer's grandsons.
1981 may well turn out to have been a similar turning point in the history of the Wagner festival.

The VIPs were there as usual, of course, headed naturally, in Bavaria, by Bayarian Prime Minister Franz Josef Strauss and his Education Minister, Hans

From Bonn there was Foreign Minister Hans-Dietrich Genscher, and the distinguished foreign visitors included the Begum Aga Khan, who had not graced Bayreuth for five years.

Socially, nothing much seemed to have changed. Artistically, it was another

Thirty years ago Wieland and Wolfgang Wagner embarked on a series of new productions of their grandfather's operas that were intended in part to purify the ocuvre from ideological contamination and political abuse.

Wagner's work was, of course, extremely popular in the Third Reich and the Wagner family were on the best of terms with Hitler.

The Wagner brothers suffered periodic setbacks in their bid to restore artistic integrity and never did succeed entirely. Wagner's operas remaining contro-

. Their explosive potential was not buried once and for all; often the fuse continued to glow and yells of anger were equally often heard from the victims of periodic explosions.

Bayreuth as an artistic workshop has continued to be receptive and flexible. Resiculty the festival made a logical progression from the 1951 Parsifal to Pa-

trice Chéreau's Ring. But times have changed. Critical and innovative productions such as those of directors Götz Friedrich, Harry Kupfer or Patrice Chéreau have given way to a

new approach. The new look, it may be taken, will be a little less aggressive, a little quieter and a little less strong on commitment (reflecting a swing of the social pendu-

the first act she is idolised by the powerful round and protective zone of her

She is a magic goddess, both bride cond act is transformed into a young and willingly yielding lover.

THE GERMAN TRIBUNE

This distinction gives some idea of what the final act seems to bear out. that Isolde the beloved turns out to be a figment of Tristan's feverish imagina-

This time she certainly fails to reach Kareol, Kurwenal's report is intended to divert Tristan, who is driven to madness. She merely appears as a vision between the leaden treetrunks.

Kurwenal's fight with Melor and Marke is likewise merely indicated in outline as a gigantic play of shadows.

Strikingly effective though this solution may seem (and it is seen in glaring light, incidentally), it is by no means unproblematic.

The problem is not so much one of the mystical union of the lovers in joint death but of the elimination of individuality. Tristan is left on his own in his nocturnal darkness.

Ponnelle's interpretation of the second act seems more convincing, especially the scene with King Marke, which is extremely tension-laden.

Tristan and Isolde are not separated: they stay quietly together, carried away, unerringly persuaded of their unity. Here too Ponnells makes full use of the lighting. The second act of Tristan has probnever been so brightly illuminated.

will seldom have been heard at greater length either. Barenboim conducts the opera at a very slow pace, unfortunately resulting in a substantial voltage drop for much of the action.

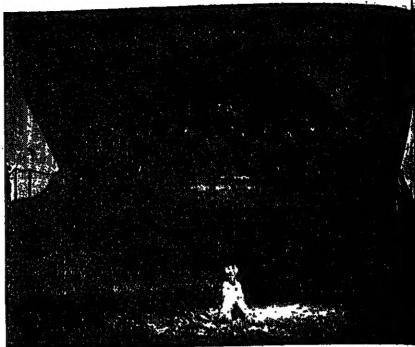
He does not pick up speed until the final scene. But his plano is finely delineated, an alluring cobweb of soft warm colour. His wind, on the other

hand, is pared to the extreme. Seldom has one heard such tired

woodwind, offset by dark, soft strings. There was no sign on the first night of the ecstasy of Wagner's music, its passion and harsh dissonance even. It is stretched out even where the composer warned against overextension.

Barenboim sticks to epic mezzi

Author to the control of the property of



Johanna Majer es isolde ...wide range of expression. (Photo: Festaplele Bayreuth / Siegfried Lister the Big Top was dismantled, wages

#### Dance academy falls from its professional best

here were too many amateur and student dancers at this year's Cologne international summer academy of

As a result, the high standards maintained over the years took a tumble.

A reason is that a big increase in interest in lazz dancing, ethnic dancing and even modern dance boosted the number of performers.

But not all indicated that they were emateurs. Many lecture demonstrations and si-

deshows attracted spectators but jeopardised the hard professional work of the summer academy courses. All this was particularly disappointing

because this year is the academy's Silver The aim was to keep tabs on deve-

lopments in the international dancing he had never worked as successful scene with all its uncertainties. The mainstay of the academy's work continues to be further education in classical dancing, and teachers of inter-

national repute were at Cologne again this summer. They included Joelle Mazet from Paris, Elleen Ward from London, Dinna

This year he rehearsed scenes for tuation. He too was much happier he had been last year. This year a class in modern dan run by Clive Thompson, head dance centre in New York it showed how urgently needed acquaintanceship with modem

this year.

choreography is.

This side of the academy's work definitely be intensified.

Clay Taliaferro's quest for 1.7 tivity of movement was based on gacy of Mary Wigman and dance of expression, which is still neglected in this country.

Biorn, who taught her class the larly in the bank

singly important Bournonville me

by Eileen Ward and by Simon Mot

who concentrated on the male dam

The general enthusiasm was to help to the teachers of moist date

too, who included Mary Histon (Gr

Even Alvin McDuffle from Ner You

who for the past six years has been

of the favourite teachers at Cologis, "

The academy is also making he

towards its second major objecting

of stimulating chorcographic units

ding and creativity among dances,

students his methods of charcos

are notoriously prone to imitals often

Hans van Manen has for year is

ham) and Clay Tallaferro (Link)

Another newcomer to Cologos choreographic workshop in which Cacluleanu and his Theore Go phique de Rennes stimulated dancers to get down to creative to

Cachuleanu's aim was to stimulate imagination of dancers who showed under by the unimagination of training routine.

He did not yet lave plate developing structures of dance continued to the co

Continued on pege 14

#### ENTERTAINMENT

#### The circus that wouldn't die

houses everywhere in Germany, was bered the first Ron-ched in July 1976 by two Viennese calli must have felt, s (ans, singer Andre Heller and

te share a dream in common," they lined. "Yet the dream ended dy after only a few weeks of rave and full houses.

two men were at loggerheads, the folded and its obituary notices in lesspapers said with genuine regret fiere would surely never be such a a of a circus again, that there was em for such poetry in a down-to-

nowing the travelling circus and its I who had given so many people so ah pleasure in such a short time, disal it was all over. Or so it seemed. Five years later Ron-

is back, risen from the ashes of wdosure and unsettled debts. howes its resurrection to the unflagholm and Ursula Borrmann for a enthusiasm of Bernhard Paul, his ion of a circus as theatre and nostal-

To boost and improve standard and an injection of cash and ideas scholarship-holders, 11 of them are Imil Steinberger, the Swiss comedian were hired and lent a hand in the tall TV star. ous classes. They came from high this been the toughest time of my

dapest, Copenhagen and Toronto le putting Roncolli back together So it was that outstanding with the same manager Paul, who got the accomplished and not only by the same back on to its feet without a pen-

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gical handbooks are

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wildly that you may

unpleasant surpris

travel oversees calls for

as they stood in line waiting for the doors to open in Munich, it would be little short of a miracle if the circus were to be anywhere near as wonderful as it had been. But as they queued for the Journey to the Rainbow (the slogan of the current Roncalli programme), a "performance

two acts on sawdust with 10 scenes between the four poles of the Big Top," they were given a taste of

lay ahead. The circus people, in full dress or costume, came out to spray the waiting crowds with confetti, to dab them with make-up and sprinkle them with glitter.

The audience felt they belonged even before taking their seats (either red chairs or wooden benches) in the brand new dark blue tent.

The opening number are Pic and Pcllo, pantomine clowns, who rish into the arena wearing outsize papier-mache

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masks and gesticulating as they look around for a scat.

It is easy to identify with the two clowns and this feeling of being at one with the company is maintained through-It is sustained with imagination and

sophistication from one number to the next, both full-scale numbers like the trapeze artists or the lion-tamer and interludes for scene-shifting that are clearly no more than minor inserts.

Noisclessly a gaily-coloured giant dragon wends its way round the aisles. So, a little later, does a two-man zebra.

Then the audience are roped in for a musical number featuring a glockenspiel. On the Munich premiere night August Everding, general manager of the State Opera House, was particularly belaboured by clowns and jugglers.

Balloons and suchlike extras are really nothing more than extras. They are not provided to offset other shortcomings of

The colourful costumes of Holiday on Ice are pale in comparison with the dreamlike attire of a group of jugglers and acrobats from China.

Their acrobatics, their juggling, their jumps through hoops stuck with knives or ablaze put many a performance billed as a world sensation to shame.

The fire-eater, another relic of a bygone age, was equally enthralling. For a finale he blew an enormous sheet of flame from a glass of schnapps and put it out by swallowing it.

And what a successful combination of poetry, comedy and ability the audience were privileged to see in the Frog Prince The glittering frog is an acrobat

capable of the most astonishing contortions. Pic and Pello urge each other to kiss the frog (whom they visualise as being a bewitched princess). Lights out, spot on, and into the ring

rides Elvira, the Queen of Lippizana, on her circus horse. No chicken for a princess, she is dressed rather like Queen Elizabeth I of England.

She and her mount, a white horse, make the most accomplished equestrian combination one could possibly imagine. As for the frog, it has turned into a creature that is all head with a pair of legs attached, like a figure from the im-

agination of Hieronymus Bosch. the horse out of its stride by jumping to past.

Bernhard Paul, who like Hitchcock plays minor parts in a few numbers, is unimpressed by routines that are so dangerous there is a serious risk of performers being maimed or killed.

But he has no objections to excitement, and the ring is cleared for Rene Strickler, a nimble-footed lion-tamer and the very opposite of everything one expects a lion-tamer to be.

Yet his number is an outstanding achievement, combining lions and tigers, panthers and brown bears (unmuzzled). a polar bear and two St Bernard dogs.

He makes it all look so easy! As for the St Bernards, they are only too happy to make their stay in the ring a short one. The other animals make them look somewhat puny.

Then comes sheer magic. Pello the clown rolls into the ring inside an eggshaped container painted dark blue and dotted with stars.

To captivating music he just blows bubbles. They grow bigger and bigger, bursting like beautiful dreams that have to come to an end some time or other.

Without saying as much as a word Pello shows his disappointment, then delight as a new galaxy of bubbles glitters in the arena. The audience are no less delighted, sharing his childlike pleasure.

The decision to rehire the Olympiads, a three-man group of gold-painted acrobats who went through their routine at a breathtaking snail's pace in the fluorescent glare of the spotlights, was entirely

Their turn is one you could watch time and again. The same goes for the clownery of Fredi Spaghetti, the waiter.



Men of Bronze steel themselve (Photos: Stefan Odry)

As for the Original Codrellis, a whitepainted Harlequin and two flat-footed clowns, their routine was as timeless as

"When the audience leave the Big Top of Circus Roncalli," said Bernhard Paul before the Munich premiere, "maybe they will see a few things differently."

The applause would seem to indicate that they all felt how right it was to have resurrected the circus of days gone by, a childhood memory many must have felt was irrevocably a thing of the

and fro and gotting in its way.

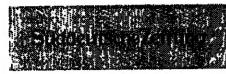


Ghanaian dance group lent a touch of character to Cologne academy.

(Photos Alfred Koch)

#### **MEDICINE**

#### Dead or alive? Problem for surgeons



German group is working on a list A of criteria to enable doctors to establish beyond doubt when someone is

This is a major problem for surgeons, especially those involved in transplants.

There should be no conflict between, for example, giving an accident victim with severe brain damage the best possible care and needing his kidneys for a transplant.

The subject was discussed at the 7th International Congress on Neurosurgery

A delegate from Würzburg, Eckard Halves, said that what mattered was to remove all doubt about the death of a potential organ donor.

The issue was becoming increasingly controversial, especially in view of the discussion on "humane death".

Here the problem was when to provide guidelines on when to pull out the

Although brain surgery would be unthinkable without such modern methods as computer tomography, microsurgery and laser technology — despite all the criticism of a "soulless technological medicine" - technological progress has turned into a bugbear of neurosurgery, delegates heard.

Manfred Steinbach, of the Bonn Health Ministry, said that while technology was developing ever newer methods of treatment, it also made it more difficult to diagnose and prevent certain diseases that result from the technological and social changes in our environment.

Japanese neurosurgeon Seishi Fukuma suggested that the real question was whether technical development was not too fast to be applied sensibly.

Cancer is largely caused by a major

What happens is that such a cell or

tissue can no longer fulfil its function

within an organ, Professor Renato Dul-

becco of San Diego, USA, told the 31st Congress of Nobel Prize winners in

Dulbecco, the 1975 Nobel Prize

laureste for medicine, based his concept

of the roots of cancer on experiments

with animals where malignant tumours

were induced by viruses or chemical

Oversimplified, viruses are more or

malfunctioning of body cells.

Lindau. Lake Constance.

in cancerous cells.

mai cell causes a malignant tumour.

Another medical-legal issue that was discussed at some length concerned the extent to which a doctor must tell his patient about his illness and the risks a essible operation might involve.

In this country there is a tendency to list all possible risks as comprehensively as possible in special forms that are handed to the patient.

But many doctors and lawyers reject this method. They say that the doctor should tell his patient personally.

Hans Kuhlendahl of Düsseldorf told the press that he felt patients were not always adequately informed of medical risks. But he also stressed that the accusations of not having fully informed their patients are frequently levelled de-liberately with lawsuits for malpractice

The American Byron C. Pevehouse was asked how Germany could prevent American conditions where damages to the tune of billions of dollars are awarded by the courts in cases of malpractice.

He suggested that the disputes should be settled out of court and be put before arbitration committees of doctors, jurists and other personalities known for their

When Psychouse said that there were too many doctors on such arbitration committees in Germany, he was vehemently rebutted by Kuhlendahl.

The explosive problem of stereotaxic psychosurgery was dealt with only on he periphery of the mammoth congress.

One paper on such surgery for patients suffering from chronic schizophrenia was read by a South Korean surgeon. There was also a film on this type of surgery and its application to behavioural disorders and uncontrollable aggression presented by an Argentinian team.

According to Karl-August Bushe, who chaired the congress, functional neurosurgery is in itself a speciality within the specialised field.

A press release pointed out that the spectacular reports on stereotaxic brain surgery for peopls who had committed sex crimes have provided the public with a distorted view of neurosurgery.

But the wide range of topics dealt with at the congress which amounted to a review of international achievements in this field seems to demonstrate the opposite. After all, stereotaxic operations account for less than one per cent in this field of surgery.

> Renate Jäckle (Süddeutsche Zeitung, 22 July 1981)

#### Dance academy

Continued from page 10

tion. But maybe, in the long term, the generally depressing standards in choreographic competitions will improve as

Susana's composition class showed that new choreographic developments could well be expected from the Spanish

She ended her course with a fascinating group choreographic venture in the flamenco spirit entitled Obsesión por

Sándor Timár from Hungary, who with musicians from his country rehearsed dances from Western Hungary and Rumania, provided an example of folklorix dancing can accomplish more than merely preserving traditions.

Gisela Peters' course was particularly welcomed by teachers. She and her Cologne children's ballet showed just what importance dancing can have for children and what importance children's creativity can have for dancing.

Other quality items included that of the Spanish dance company headed by Ursula Kanflewski, a lecturer at the Cologne Institute of Stage Dance.

The final show again indicated the academy's enormous potential and that of its students and staff. One can but hope that their exem-

plary work, influencing the international dancing scene as it does, will continue to be adequately subsidised next year.

(Kölner Stadt-Anzeiger, 21 July 1981)

#### Anatomy of a cancerous cell

tially there in normal cells but are harmless prior to the cell's transformation.

Dulbecco sees the development of cancer in two phases: the initial and the development phases.

Cell damage frequently does not show itself until 20 or 30 years after it has

less poorly "packaged" genetic predis-To illustrate his point, he cited the positions in a cell that cause it to profollowing example: lung cancer attribduce similar genetic materials, reprouted to cigarette smoking used to be gramming it, so to speak. blamed on the benzpyrenium contained This brings about a fundamental in the smoke. The fact, however, is that change in the cell's function blueprint. smoke contains too little of this sub-The change caused by the virus pro-

stance to cause cancer. vides a new blueprint and mechanisms Today, medicine knows that benzypythat could explain why the functional renium does not actually cause the furealisation of genetic material is changed mour. It only promotes the development

of a tumour in already damaged tissue. The change in the "expression" of the In other words, cancer genes are genes can cause a situation where the harmless until activated by special subgenetic information contained in a norstances, the tumour promoters. This applies to viral cancer and possibly also What this boils down to is that the

to the chemically induced variety. "excessive expression of potential cancer Professor Christian de Duve of Brusgenes" creates tumours that are poten- sels (1974 Nobel Prize for medicine)

told the congress about methods of combating cancer through selective chemotherapy.

Chemotherapeutic treatment is directed against the tumour itself and thus attacks the degenerate cells when they are in the sensitive stage of splitting.

Unfortunately, he said, this chemical attack is usually not targeted accurately enough to affect only degenerate cells.

As a result, healthy cells are also destroyed in the splitting stage, which is one of the undesirable side effects of this type of treatment.

Work is now in progress in Brussels aimed at enabling doctors to target the treatment at the cancer cells only. It is hoped that this will be made

points" that exist on the surface of every These receptors differ widely but

there seem to be certain types that occur only in cancer cells. By combining the drug with a "carrier molecule" that attaches itself to the cancerous receptors only, it should be poss-

ible to destroy only degenerate cells. Though elegant in theory, this method is not easily realisable in practice. But prospects are promising, Professor de Duve said.

Rolf H. Simen (Kölner Stadt-Anzeiger, 24 July 1981)

#### Uniformity ANNESMANN sought EMAG

E fforts are being made to that training in the branches of me which use no drugs.

Naturopathy and homeopath ample, which still sometimes the category of what used to be folk medicine, are taught at of commercial schools. The president of the North

Westphalia Heilpraktikenchil Surmann, said that the un growth in these schools posed

natural medicine.

North Rhine-Westphalian standards be adopted nation-via

practioners in this country.)

A training facility at Bother been run by the association in It has three-year courses with i students in each intake.

The curriculum includes such as homeopathy, acupuncture, dia tics, laboratory procedures, make and blood disorders plus had a

histology, physiology, immundo general biology.

The training costs about Dill. Applicants are not subjected to 40 tests, the only qualification bety s imum age of 21.

Herr Surmann says more find One of the main problems in ing. The law says that the premedicine without convention it

requires approval by the authorities. But the only condition to be at an examination by a health deputy doctor following completion of medicine training.

The medical profession has appear expressed grave doubts short examinations and their suitability is termining the medical knowledge candidate. The doubts are con

It is exactly this that medicine association wants i with its demand for uniform and examination guidelines.

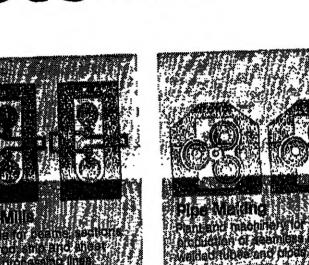
The conflict between con medicine and nature healers, Hes mann says, has been deliberate up out of all proportion. The im medicine, he contends, over supplement each other.

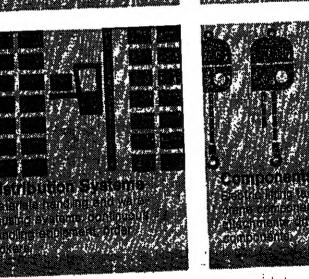
As he sees it, there is on the the form of applic science and, on the other si medicine which tries to org therapy in a way that will cons natural processes and in which tient is meant to play an activity Surmann says health of important. He stresses the

prevention rather then ourse at the Even so, he emphasises that titioner of natural medicine in where his limits lie and when must be referred to a conven

(Rheinische Port, 23 Jul

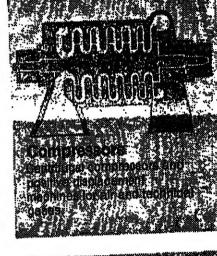
## Not only was the quality distant risk, Surmann told the Lest minister, Professor Friedhelm mann, but the medical profesionalso given ammunition to us Professor Farthmann said to would suggest at the forthwain ference of state health ministrate North Rhine-Westphaliaa to The North Rhine-Westphin to praktikers chaft has 558 active and (The national association has and ship of 3,700; there are a total distribution of the country).











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rience in all matters of

mechanical engineering

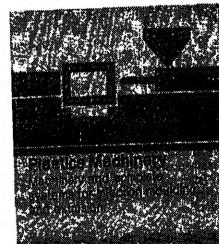
and plant construction.

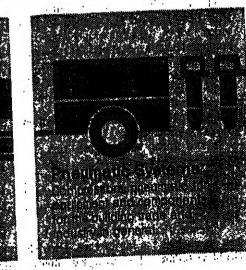
With a broad financial

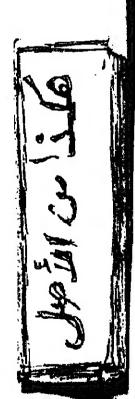
base, world-wide sales

network and a future-

oriented research and







ia Kitzbühel she beat Sylvia Ha-

m Munich, whose world rating is

in two sets - the second-best

and Kitzbühel are not Wimb-

of course, and her showing at

n was somewhat disappoint-

ance of her career.

the

This year she would

probably have play-

ed but is most un-

likely to be available

for the Federation

a moment deny.

Kitzbühel."

Herr Kilsch says:

Cup, Herr Kilsch explains.

addition to the ridiculous

the Tennis Association pays in compa-

rison with what the men get for playing

in the Davis Cup competition there is

another reason why I have advised

The reason is Sylvia Hanika, her rival.

The two girls have never been all that

keen on each other, as neither would for

Sylvia is a temperamental, voluble Ba-

varian, Claudia is more reserved. Their

relationship can certainly not go on as it

"For months Sylvia and Claudia have

"I was really surprised they went as

Is Sylvia Hanika, unquestionably the

No. 1 German tennis girl at present, an

gone past each other as though the

of the question as team-mates.

Claudia not to take part," he says.

#### Berlin squatters move in their senior team



group of 43 academics, artists, wri-A ters and clergymen have thrown their weight behind the squatting and almost irreconcilable gap between movement in West Berlin.

They have moved into buildings which they consider likely to be demolished and say they are prepared to be demolished as well.

Among the 43 is a 72-year-old theologian and retired university professor, Helmut Gollwitzer, who arrived at his squat with a mattress slung over his

The group took the action because it objects to the policies of Berlin's new CDU

It wants the council to stop demolishing houses and to begin renovating in-

And it wants charges against arrested

sugatters to be dropped.

According to Professor Gollwitzer the alternative would be proof that "our society, with all its scandals and rigid petrification, can no longer be changed."

Many of the protest group, including Professor Gollwitzer, are civil servants, and their action means that they could face disciplinary moves.

They certainly are an incongruous sight in their Kreuzberg surroundings and are known to the squatters as "Opi Freaks" (Grandpa Freaks).

There were cheers when Professor Gollwitzer arrived with his mattress.

"Take up thy bed and walk. Thy faith has kent thee hale," called one, lightheartedly.

Some of the group found it difficult to make the decision to move in, and the operation was postponed once so a Press statement could be agreed on.

Part of the statement read: "We want to move into nine or 10 of the most endangered buildings

"And now anybody who wants to demolish them will have to demolish us as

The 43 consider it likely that they years ago when she got multiple sclero-

will be removed if not "demolished". The political situation, Free University Professor Peter Grottian (flanked by the authoress Ingeborg Drewitz and the "father of the Berlin Constitution" Fritz Eberhard) told journalists, is "near hope-

This means that the new squat might already be too late.

Some three years ago the then president of Berlin's Technical University, Rolf Berger, asked the council to provide some of the city's empty houses as circle a feeling of security. The broken communications centres for Berlin's part of the circle stands for the fact that more than 70,000 university students.

Had this been done, the pent-up discontent that later led to all sorts of trouble could have been avoided.

Instead, the whole thing foundered on Berlin's bureaucracy.

It said there was so such thing as empty houses in Berlin.

it was then that the idea of squatting in its current form as Instandbesetzung (literally: maintenance occupation) was

Violence flared towards the end of last year when the mayor then. Dietrich and did not return until late, escorted by enable a patient to wash himself. Stobbe, ordered the occupied houses two orderlies, she received another letter, Ingeborg Liebewein fears that once

cleared without coming up with an answer to the pointless destruction of housing for monetary gain.
Hans Jochen Vogel, who succeeded

THE GERMAN TRIBUNE

Bruno

Richard

deserves

the haves."

cannot be solved as

long as the coun-

been

Weizsäcker,

Stobbe for a short while, managed brief-Now, a press conference by the Group

of 43 has revealed not only the wide the city government and the protesters; it also gave an indication of the problems that will face the 43, who say they will squat for months if necessary.

The mood of the press conference was one of hostility.

"Police searches with the attendant recording of the names of the squatters and their 'criminalisation' will only make us more militant," said the state-

Professor Eberhard said the Berlin Constitution guarantees the basic right

This provision was binding on the city, and while the Constitution made no provisions for any "right to speculation" it expressly granted the right to resist any restriction of the basic right

When Professor Eberhard added: "I wish you would continue your work along the lines of the Constitution ... and the Constitution makes no provi-

What she wants is the right to do

things herself where she can, rather than

Ingeborg Liebewein, 56, fears that her

illness, which has condemned her to a

wheelchair, may become a lesser danger

Her lawvers argue that the only care

The case hinges round facilities at a

home for the old and ill in Stuttgart,

which are not all designed for a crippled

To start from the beginning: Frau

Liebewein was a photographer until 20

Despite the illness she enjoys going

to the ballet and occasionally to the

scientious objectors working in the

home as orderlies in lieu of military ser-

The dot signifies the patient and the

the patient is not cut off from the out-

Frau Liebewein took this symbol to

However the administration of has

In a letter, the office told Frau Liebe-

One night when Frau Liebewein went

wein that she was expected to go to bed

at 10.30 p.m., like all the other patients.

to the ballet and afterwards to a pub,

mean what it tries to convey.

cial Fund whose symbol is a dot in a body can get her out.

she needs is help towards self-help.

person to use alone.

side world.

Aing against a court decision.



cil's disastrous economic policy favours "The solution to the problem cannot lie in sending one section of the havenots, those in police uniforms, to battle it out against the other have-nots who

are squatting in the empty houses." As a result, the city government should stop demolition, withdraw its charges against arrested squatters and develop a rehabilitation programme for the buildings in close consultation with the protesters.

Professor Gollwitzer's said: "If they destroy what 2,000 activists and another 15,000 sympathisers have done here the

Invalid takes

self-help

case to appeal

saying: "We find that you are again

Persons is "Help Towards Self-Help"

and Ingeborg Liebewein took it serious-

the past seven years there is what is

known as a "wet cell" in the home. The

All went well with Ingeborg Liebe-

home administration found that it too

room was 80 metres from the staff

much work to look after her because her

move there, despite opposition from her

In the nursing ward, however, the

"wet cell" is so small as to make it im-

possible to shift the patient from the

wheelchair to the toilet. Nor does it

an orderly can put her on the toilet.

the patient of fear,

evidently been greatly concerned because ing constant nursing was closer, Frau

one of its patients is determined to en- Liebewein was told that she should

The maxim in this Year of Disabled

going to bed when you please."

young generation will take the ms unlucky to be drawn, in the another proof that our society is mund, against Barbara Potter of its scandals and rigid petilists the fair sex's answer no longer be changed. no longer be changed.

"All that will remain will be rotter is renowned for the aces into an apolitical attitude, inhom the capecially on grass courts. resignation. "There will also remain a smile we fairly close.

ber of particularly intelligent stawiss given to self-criticism, she people who will provide the mix or from dissatisfied with her show-a new urban guerrilla movement. Translated into plain langue, the comment made by chief coach can only mean a new Red Angland Schönborn.

Otto just k made me hopping mad when he immediately after the match, that I

(Stuttgarter Zolton, 23th) been a bundle of nerves; it just

she stops washing herself she will and has kept an eye on her the ability to do so.

Frau Liebewein decided top to

be maintained for the sake of the

And exactly this was the stand.

Ingeborg Licbewein because the desired in a naturally to the advantage of only be looked after by a consider it is naturally to the advantage of objector when it came to being the construction of the wheelchair and shifted from the wheelchair willow with the orchestra.

wheelchair can be pushed in there and Frau Liebewein is quite capable of did not mean that the practice washing herself - except for her legs continue. Thus she has been of and her back. This is done by the ordermoved to the nursing ward after overcoming her initial emba-

This is of paramount importance because the moment she is embarassed or The home belongs to the German So- afraid she simply stays in bed and no-What matters, therefore, is to help rid

It is a typical feature of multiple

(6ft lin) and none too keen on rosis that patients who are looking (off lin) do something soon become girls and coach. trai she was one of a galaxy of tennis starlets including such

The judges ruled in favour of the and ordered the patient movel. It said that order in the home !

patients, and stressed that decoy morals must not be placed in jegs. And exactly this was the case

The court pointed out that the final scene René Kollo as Tris-The court pointed out that the able to stretch his voice out that the home had permitted this thus able to stretch his voice out that the home had permitted the full in an outstanding perfor-

Meier is a vocally unheroic fust as her role is cast unheroi-She has a wide range of expres-

Bayreuth

Continued from page 10

times vanish altogether into the

This can only mean that she she has a wide range of expressive life than necessary.

This brings to mind what Dr. the brings to mind what Dr.

loss of physical prowess in school a or isolde.

scienosis patients always harbord is able to give voice to his pain danger of passivity.

and passivity turn, means faster physical decipies the standard passivity and does so convincingly.

Schwarz as Brangane, on the hastened death."

Thus Ingeborg Liebewein is not in the form she has minthe Ring.

right when she says that her fellow the says

## the grown-up style

well-known names as Hanika, Eva Pfaff and Christoph Zipf. All of them have gone on to become

European junior champions at one time best was in Oakland, California, or other. She was the youngest to do so, nths ago when she eliminated at the age of 13 (in her age group, of Wimbledon winner Martina course).

> to go all out for tennis as a career or to play it safe and pass her Abitur," says stepfather Jürgen Kilsch, a Saarbrücken solicitor.

But if she took her university entrance exams she would surely miss out on top-flight international tennis, so the family decided it was to be tennis.

They did so largely because Claudia was both sick and tired of school and keen as mustard to carry on with tennis. So she left school at 15 with a junior school certificate.

At 15 she became the youngest-ever German tennis professional, and Tennis Association officials were delighted,

At long last they had a girl who, like the US tennis teenagers, was willing to take the plunge into the chill waters of

She was given every encouragement being named a member of the fourwoman Federation Cup team last sum-mer (the Federation Cup being roughly equivalent to the Davis Cup for men).

A number of older women were somewhat upset at being overlooked, but in sporting terms her nomination was a

sporting option at German schools

before the war.

ters in 1953.

where it was an accepted school sport

complete washout, she says.



"Svivia," she coolly says, "is a colleague and a rival like anyone else. I aim to be better than she is soon, but it has nothing whatever to do with the fact that we come from the same country."

Whether she will succeed in outshining the Munich girl remains to be seen. It is an equation with too many unknown factors.

Sylvia is No. 6 in the world ratings of the Women's Tennis Association, while Claudia is 29th, albeit with continual

Yet even though she has already proved more successful than a German tenother did not exist. They are simply out nis professional ever was at her age, it is still a long way to single figures in the computer ratings and the sunny side up far as to shake hands after the final in Jochen Greinus

(Frankfurter Aligemeine Zeitung für Dautschland, 24 July 1981

#### The Amateur Boxing Association plans to reintroduce boxing as a Moves to put It was scrapped by Education Minisin schools

At present there is merely talk of experiments and trials, of optional groups he association is keen to encourage. But

the trend is clear. Officials want to promote boxing as a school sport in order to keep children interested. As it is, boxing club member-

ship is declining fast.

But opponents of boxing at school will hear nothing of the idea. An association representing more than 100,000 schoolteachers gave it the thumbs-down after a conference of its school sport

Wilhelm Ebert from Bonn, its president, says: "In view of the 310 boxing fatalities around the world since the war no responsible teacher can let his pupils go in for boxing with an easy science."

Boxing officials are busy marshalling counter-arguments. An experiment in

Tubingen, they say, is a voluntary one supervised by qualified staff.

Günter Jendrek, a teacher and former amateur boxes, is said to have compiled

amateur boxer, is said to have compiled a scientific feport on similar trials at a career framing college in Duisburg.

Age limits are the problem. The upper limit has already been set Amateur, howers retire at 37 at the latest. But there are no age regulations at the other and of the scale.

boxing back

In the Soviet Union, for instance,12 is the earliest age at which boys can go in for amateur boxing. In France it is 16.

"In theory," says ABA medical adviser Dr Wolfram Lemme, "babes-in-arms can go in for boxing in this country. So there really must be a lower limit set, and not too low."

He is opposed to boxing both for boys and at school. Views differ, and not even the doctors agree on whether the plan makes sense or is advisable. "We know nothing really," Dr Lemme

says, "not even what, in medical terms, goes on in the ring." Doctors hope to learn more from a term probe commissioned by the

Bonn Interior Ministry in 1975. will take 30 years. So does this mean another 24 years of uncertainty until the long-term effects of boxing on health have been investi-

gated?
"The younger you start, the more likely you are to suffer from chronic afterested in later, life," Dr Imre Forgo, who has examined 182; amateurs at Beale University Hospital neurology department, says.

He has misgivings about sending exampling kids from the school play-

ground into the gym. "The knockout blow is not the main problem," he says. "It is the many seemingly harmless

In the course of a boxer's career in the ring they can lead to serious shortcomings in the central nervous system.

Hamburg neurologist Professor Hans Finkemeyer is even blunter. Boxing for kids or at school? "A load of bunk," he

There are better and much less dangerous ways of keeping kids fit, but what really matters is what goes on in

"In the long run tissue damage can occur that could later cause serious men-He feels it is downright perverse to

try and boost a child's self-confidence by allowing him to knock out another Another view is voiced by Lübeck theologian Hans-Joachim Thilo. "Every

day," Professor Thilo says, "I have to deal with youngsters who are simply unable to bear trustration. Towns really must learn to box their way through once more." It earned him a reader's letter in the

news magazine that quoted him which went as follows:

"Not even the decadence of Ancient Rome went as far as to send children as gladiators into the arena, but our highly civilised society looks on indifferently when six-year-olds knock the stuffing out of other six-year-olds."

Peter Stützer (Hamburger Abendblatt, 24 July 1981)